

NI PXI-446X Specifications

This document lists specifications for the NI PXI-4461 and NI PXI-4462 (NI PXI-446X) Dynamic Signal Acquisition (DSA) devices. These specifications are typical at 25 °C unless otherwise stated. The operating range is 0 °C to 55 °C. All specifications are subject to change without notice. Visit ni.com/manuals for the most current specifications and product documentation.

Analog Input

This section lists the NI PXI-446X analog input specifications.

Input Characteristics

Number of simultaneously sampled input channels

NI PXI-4461 2

NI PXI-4462 4

Input configuration..... Differential or pseudodifferential (50 Ω between negative input and chassis ground), per input channel selectable

Input coupling AC or DC, each channel independently software selectable

ADC resolution 24 bits

ADC type Delta-sigma

Sample rates (f_s)..... 1 kS/s to 204.8 kS/s in 181.9 μ S/s increments

Oversampling, for sample rate

1.0 kS/s $\leq f_s < 51.2$ kS/s $128 f_s$

51.2 kS/s $\leq f_s < 102.4$ kS/s $64 f_s$

102.4 kS/s $\leq f_s \leq 204.8$ kS/s $32 f_s$

Sample Clock Timebase Rate

Ratio between sample rate (f_s) and sample clock timebase rate (f_{tb})

Sample Rate (f_s)	Sample Clock Timebase Rate
$1.0 \text{ kS/s} \leq f_s \leq 1.6 \text{ kS/s}$	$16,384 f_s$
$1.6 \text{ kS/s} < f_s \leq 3.2 \text{ kS/s}$	$8,192 f_s$
$3.2 \text{ kS/s} < f_s \leq 6.4 \text{ kS/s}$	$4,096 f_s$
$6.4 \text{ kS/s} < f_s \leq 12.8 \text{ kS/s}$	$2,048 f_s$
$12.8 \text{ kS/s} < f_s \leq 25.6 \text{ kS/s}$	$1,024 f_s$
$25.6 \text{ kS/s} < f_s \leq 51.2 \text{ kS/s}$	$512 f_s$
$51.2 \text{ kS/s} < f_s \leq 102.4 \text{ kS/s}$	$256 f_s$
$102.4 \text{ kS/s} < f_s \leq 204.8 \text{ kS/s}$	$128 f_s$

FIFO buffer size.....1,023 samples

Data transfersDirect memory access (DMA)

Input Common Mode Range

Gain (dB)	Input	Differential ¹	Pseudodifferential ¹
≥ 0	+	$\pm 12 V_{pk}$	$\pm 12 V_{pk}$
	-	$\pm 12 V_{pk}$	$\pm 10 V_{pk}$
< 0	+	$\pm 42.4 V_{pk}$	$\pm 42.4 V_{pk}$
	-	$\pm 42.4 V_{pk}$	$\pm 10 V_{pk}$

¹ Voltages with respect to ground

Input Overvoltage Protection

Differential configuration $\pm 42.4 V_{pk}$

Pseudodifferential configuration,
positive..... $\pm 42.4 V_{pk}$

Pseudodifferential configuration,
negative (shield) $\pm 10.0 V_{pk}$

Input Signal Range

Gain (dB)	Full Scale Range (V_{pk}) ¹
30	±0.316
20	±1.00
10	±3.16
0	±10.0
-10	±31.6
-20	±42.4

¹ Each input channel gain is independently software selectable.

Transfer Characteristics

AI Offset (Residual DC)

Gain (dB)	DC Coupled Offset ¹ , Max, 24 Hr, T_{cal} ² ±5 °C (±mV)	DC Coupled Offset ¹ , Max, 0 °C to 55 °C (±mV)
30	0.1	1
20	0.2	2
10	0.5	3
0	0.7	7
-10	5	30
-20	7	70

¹ Source impedance ≤50 Ω
² T_{cal} = ambient temperature at which last calibration was performed

AI Gain Amplitude Accuracy

1 kHz input tone

T_{cal} ±5 °C ±0.03 dB max

0 °C to 55 °C ±0.2 dB max

Amplifier Characteristics

Input Impedance

Input Impedance, Typical	Differential Configuration	Pseudodifferential Configuration
Between positive input and chassis ground	$1\text{ M}\Omega \parallel 217\text{ pF}$	$1\text{ M}\Omega \parallel 217\text{ pF}$
Between negative input and chassis ground	$1\text{ M}\Omega \parallel 229\text{ pF}$	$50\ \Omega$

Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)

Gain (dB)	DC Coupled CMRR (dBc), Typical ^{1, 2}	AC Coupled CMRR (dBc), Typical ^{2, 3}
30	105	70
20	101	
10	90	
0	80	
-20, -10	60	65

¹ $\leq 1\text{ kHz}$
² Differential configuration
³ 50 or 60 Hz

Dynamic Characteristics¹

Specification	Low Frequency Alias Rejection Enabled (Default)	Low Frequency Alias Rejection Disabled
Alias-free bandwidth (BW) (passband)	DC to $0.4 f_s$	DC to $0.4535 f_s$
Alias rejection, minimum	104 dBc	120 dBc
Alias rejection by frequency	Input frequency $> 0.6 f_s$	$0.5465 f_s < \text{input frequency} < 127.4535 f_s$, where $1.0 \text{ kS/s} \leq f_s \leq 51.2 \text{ kS/s}$ $0.5465 f_s < \text{input frequency} < 63.4535 f_s$, where $51.2 \text{ kS/s} < f_s \leq 102.4 \text{ kS/s}$ $0.5465 f_s < \text{input frequency} < 31.4535 f_s$, where $102.4 \text{ kS/s} < f_s \leq 204.8 \text{ kS/s}$
-3 dB BW	$0.491 f_s$	$0.484 f_s$

AC coupling BW

-3 dB cutoff frequency 3.4 Hz typical

-0.1 dB cutoff frequency 22.6 Hz typical

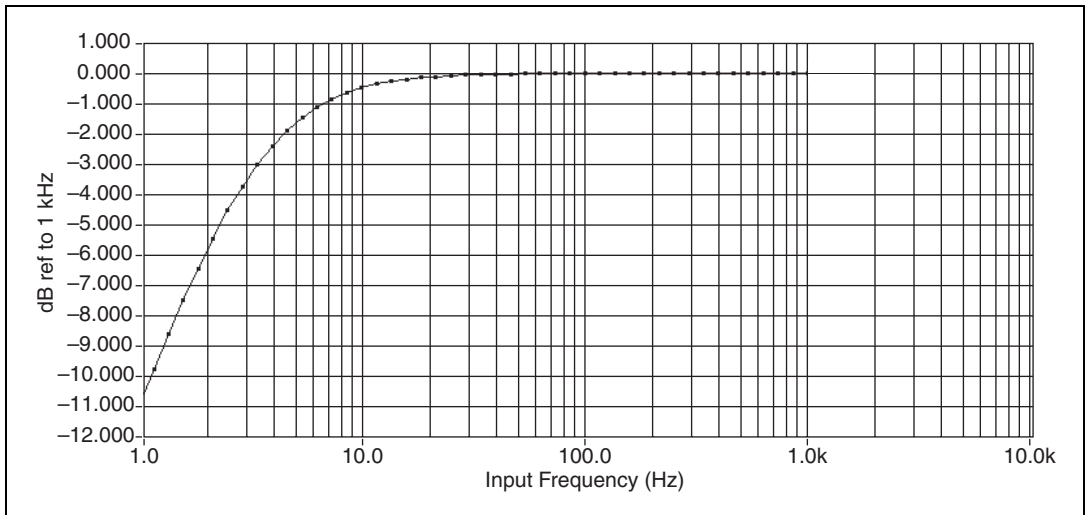


Figure 1. Magnitude Response of AC Coupling Circuit (1 Hz to 1 kHz)

¹ Test system equipped with a liquid crystal display (LCD) monitor for AI noise and distortion measurements to avoid possible magnetic interference caused by cathode ray tube (CRT)-based monitors.

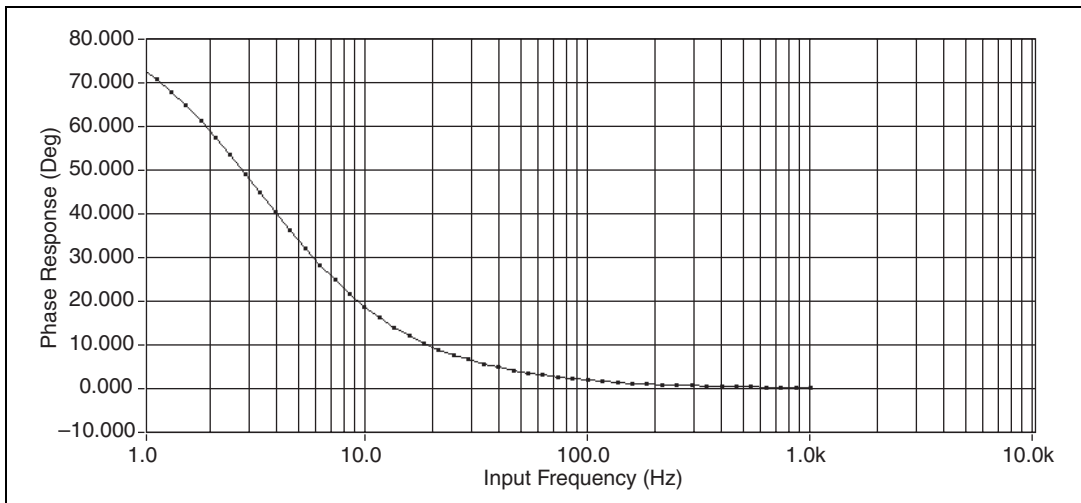


Figure 2. Phase Response of AC Coupling Circuit (1 Hz to 1 kHz)

ADC Filter Delay

Low Frequency Alias Rejection Enabled (Default)		Low Frequency Alias Rejection Disabled	
Sample Rate (kS/s)	Filter Delay (Samples)	Sample Rate (kS/s)	Filter Delay (Samples)
$1.0 \leq f_s \leq 1.6$	94	$1.0 \leq f_s \leq 1.6$	63
$1.6 < f_s \leq 3.2$	93	$1.6 < f_s \leq 3.2$	
$3.2 < f_s \leq 6.4$	91	$3.2 < f_s \leq 6.4$	
$6.4 < f_s \leq 12.8$	87	$6.4 < f_s \leq 12.8$	
$12.8 < f_s \leq 25.6$	79	$12.8 < f_s \leq 25.6$	
$25.6 < f_s \leq 204.8$	63	$25.6 < f_s \leq 204.8$	

AI Flatness

Gain (dB)	DC Coupled Flatness ¹ (dB), Max (Typical)		
	20 Hz to 20 kHz	20 Hz to 45 kHz	20 Hz to 92.2 kHz
0, 10, 20, 30	±0.006 (±0.003)	±0.03 (±0.02)	±0.1 (±0.08)
-20, -10	±0.2 (±0.1)	±0.6 (±0.33)	±1 (±0.55)

¹ Relative to 1 kHz

AI Spectral Noise Density

AI spectral noise density 8 nV/√Hz typical at 30 dB gain, 1 kHz

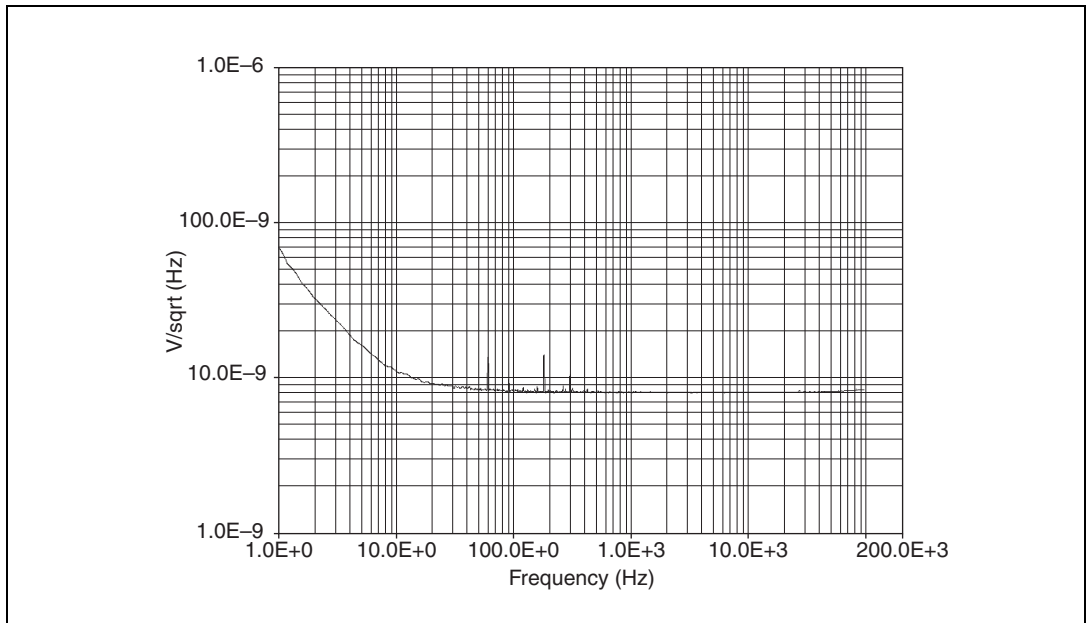


Figure 3. AI Spectral Noise Density (30 dB Gain)

AI Idle Channel Noise

Sample Rate (kS/s)	Idle Channel Noise, Typical ^{1, 2}	
	dBV _{rms}	μV _{rms}
1.0 kS/s ≤ f_s < 51.2 kS/s	-118 dBV _{rms}	1.3 μV _{rms}
51.2 kS/s ≤ f_s < 102.4 kS/s	-115 dBV _{rms}	1.8 μV _{rms}
102.4 kS/s ≤ f_s ≤ 204.8 kS/s	-111 dBV _{rms}	2.8 μV _{rms}
¹ Source impedance ≤ 50 Ω ² 30 dB gain		

AI Spurious Free Dynamic Range (SFDR)

Gain Setting (dB)	SFDR (dBc), Typical ^{1, 2, 3}
30	106
0, 10, 20	108
-20, -10	110
¹ $f_s = 204.8$ kS/s ² 1 kHz input tone, input amplitude is the lesser of -1 dBFS or 8.91 V _{pk} . ³ Measurement includes all harmonics.	

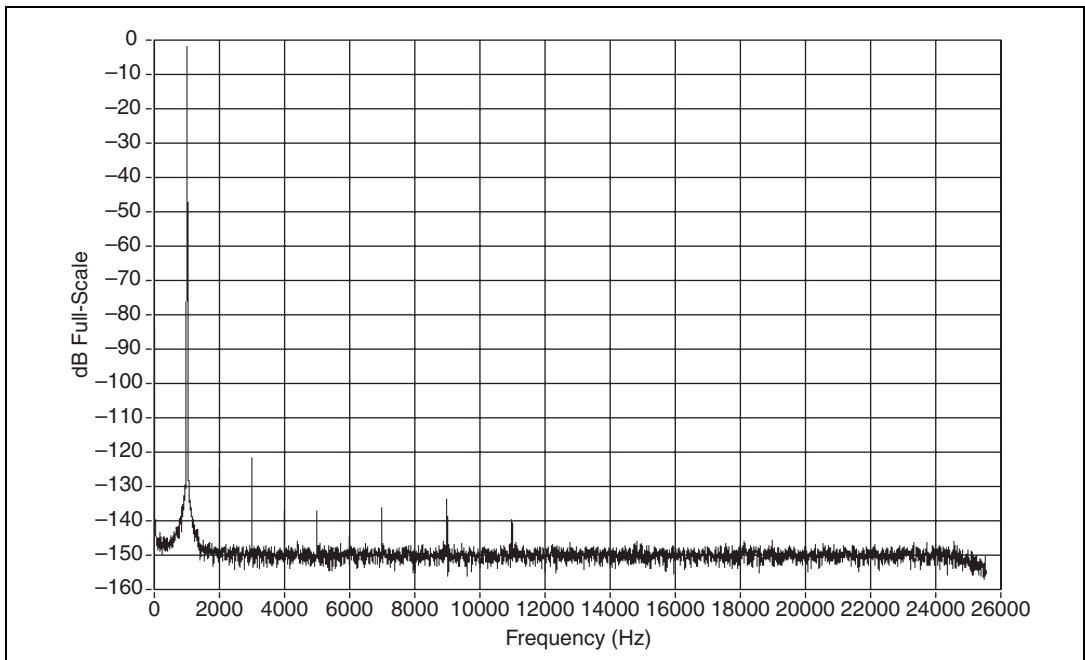


Figure 4. SFDR 51.2 kS/s (-1 dBFS, 0 dB Gain, 1 kHz Sine Wave Input)

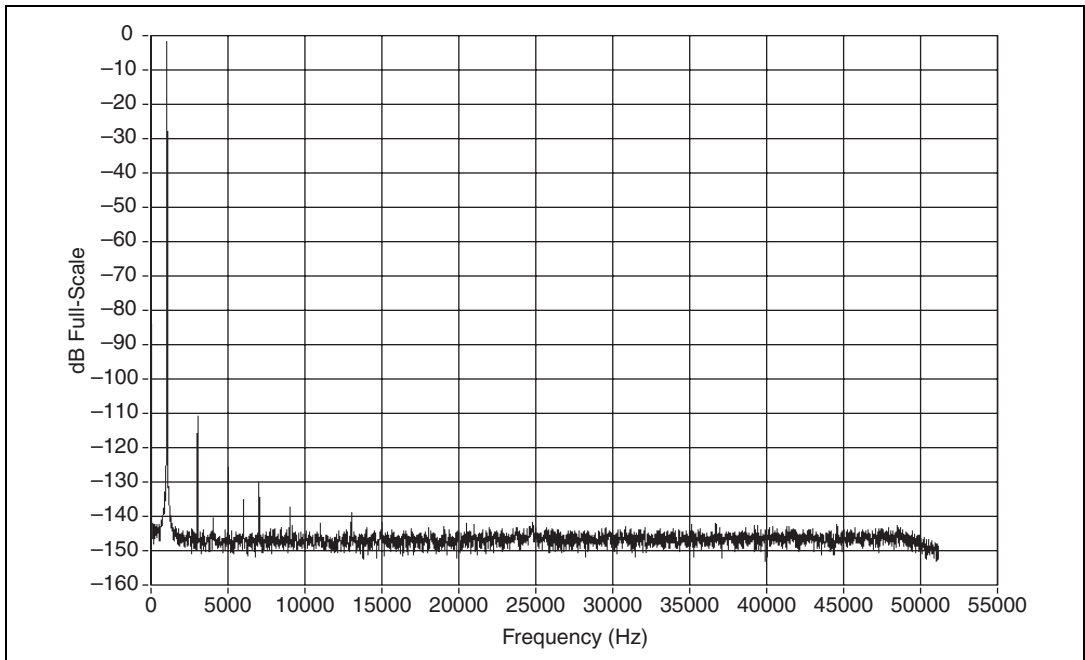


Figure 5. SFDR 102.4 kS/s (-1 dBFS, 0 dB Gain, 1 kHz Sine Wave Input)

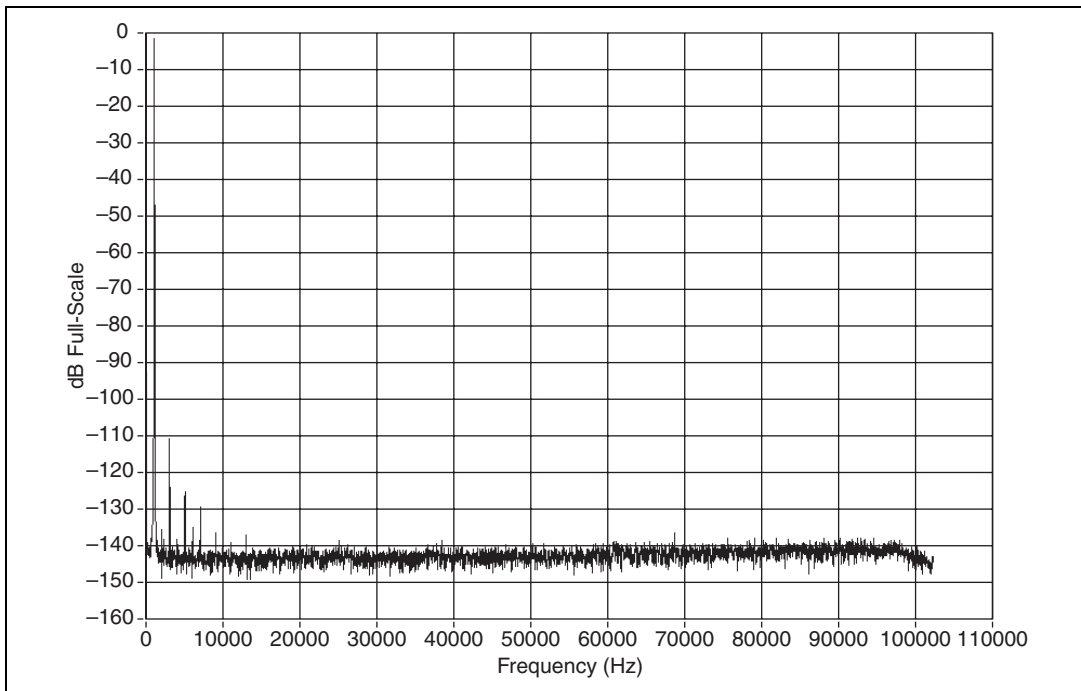


Figure 6. SFDR 204.8 kS/s (-1 dBFS, 0 dB Gain, 1 kHz Sine Wave Input)

AI Dynamic range

Gain Setting (dB)	Dynamic Range (dBFS) ¹ , Min (Typical)		
	$1 \text{ kS/s} \leq f_s \leq 51.2 \text{ kS/s}$	$51.2 \text{ kS/s} < f_s \leq 102.4 \text{ kS/s}$	$102.4 \text{ kS/s} < f_s \leq 204.8 \text{ kS/s}$
30	103 (105)	100 (102)	96 (98)
20	111 (113)	108 (110)	104 (106)
10	114 (117)	111 (114)	106 (110)
0	116 (118)	113 (114)	107 (110)
-10	107 (108)	104 (105)	101 (102)
-20	105 (107)	102 (104)	98 (101)

¹ 1 kHz input tone, -60 dBFS input amplitude

AI Total Harmonic Distortion (THD), Balanced Source

Gain (dB)	THD (dBc), Typical ^{1,2}	
	20 Hz to 20 kHz	20 Hz to 92.2 kHz
30	-100	-97
20	-109	-106
0, 10	-107	-104
-10	-108	-107
-20	-107	-106

¹ $f_s = 204.8$ kS/s, 92.8 kHz BW, differential configuration
² Input amplitude is the lesser of -1 dBFS or 8.91 V_{pk}.

AI THD, Unbalanced Source

Gain (dB)	THD (dBc), Typical ^{1,2}	
	20 Hz to 20 kHz	20 Hz to 92.2 kHz
30	-100	-93
20	-106	-94
10	-105	-92
0	-97	-87
-10	-90	-88
-20	-91	-89

¹ $f_s = 204.8$ kS/s, 92.8 kHz BW
² Input amplitude is the lesser of -1 dBFS or 8.91 V_{pk}.

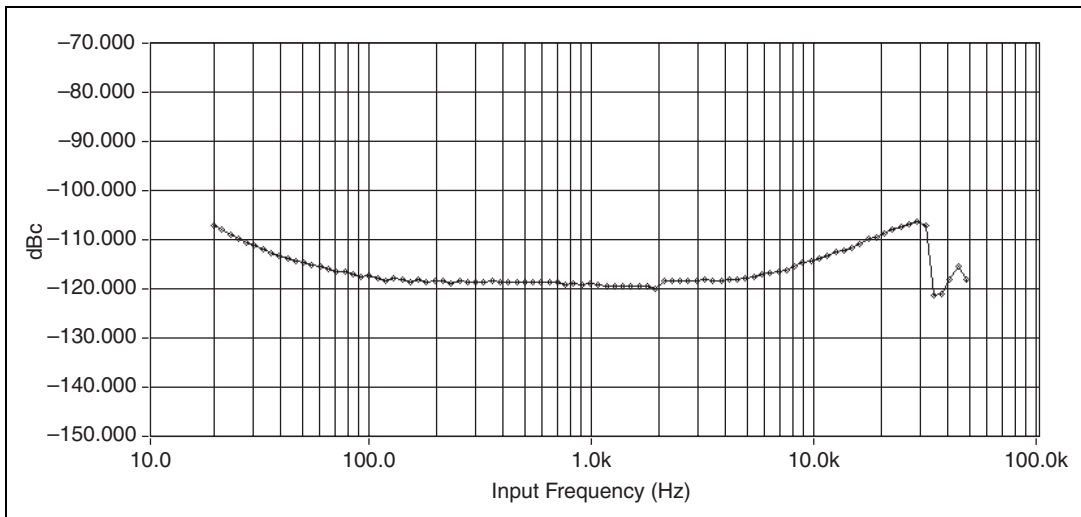


Figure 7. AI THD (Balanced Source with Differential Configuration, 204.8 kS/s, 0 dB Gain)

AI THD Plus Noise (THD+N), Balanced Source

Gain (dB)	THD+N (dBc), Typical ¹	
	51.2 kS/s 20 Hz to 20 kHz ²	204.8 kS/s 20 Hz to 92.2 kHz ³
30	-103	-94
20	-107	-95
10	-108	-96
0	-107	-96
-10	-96	-91
-20	-94	-88

¹ Input amplitude is the lesser of -1 dBFS or 8.91 V_{pk}, differential configuration.
² 23.2 kHz measurement BW
³ 92.8 kHz measurement BW

AI THD+N, Unbalanced Source

Gain (dB)	THD+N (dBc), Typical ¹	
	51.2 kS/s 20 Hz to 20 kHz ²	204.8 kS/s 20 Hz to 92.2 kHz ³
30	-103	-91
20	-107	-93
10	-108	-91
0	-104	-87
-10	-94	-86
-20	-93	-86

¹ Input amplitude is the lesser of -1 dBFS or 8.91 V_{pk}.
² 23.2 kHz measurement BW
³ 92.8 kHz measurement BW

AI Intermodulation Distortion (IMD)

Gain (dB)	IMD (dBc), Typical ¹
20, 30	-109
10	-107
0	-104
-20, -10	-111

¹ CCIF 14 kHz + 15 kHz, each tone amplitude is the lesser of -6 dBFS or 5 V_{pk}.

Crosstalk, Input Channel Separation

Gain (dB)	Crosstalk for Adjacent (Nonadjacent) Channels (dBc), Typical ^{1, 2}	
	1 kHz Signal	92.2 kHz
30	-130 (-140)	-110 (-124)
0, 10, 20	-138 (-145)	-110 (-124)
-20, -10	-96 (-124)	-62 (-108)

¹ Source impedance $\leq 50 \Omega$
² Input amplitude is the lesser of -1 dBFS or 8.91 V_{pk}.

AI Interchannel Gain Mismatch

Gain (dB)	DC Coupled Mismatch (dB), Typical ¹		AC Coupled Mismatch (dB), Typical ¹
	20 Hz to 20 kHz	20 Hz to 92.2 kHz	20 Hz
30	0.004	0.008	0.004
0, 10, 20	0.003	0.003	
-20, -10	0.04	0.25	0.006

¹ Identical channel configurations

AI Interchannel Phase Mismatch

Gain (dB)	DC Coupled Mismatch (deg), Typical ¹		AC Coupled Mismatch (deg), Typical ¹
	20 Hz to 20 kHz	20 Hz to 92.2 kHz	20 Hz
30	0.10	0.60	0.08
20	0.04	0.15	
0, 10	0.015	0.08	
-20, -10	0.7	1	

¹ Identical channel configurations

AI Phase Linearity

Gain (dB)	Linearity (deg), Typical	
	20 Hz to 20 kHz	20 Hz to 92.2 kHz
0, 10, 20, 30	±0.01	±0.03
-20, -10	±0.10	±1

Onboard Calibration Reference

DC level5.000 V ±2.5 mV

Temperature coefficient.....±5 ppm/°C max

Long-term stability±15 ppm/ $\sqrt{1,000}$ hr

Integrated Electronic Piezoelectric (IEPE)

Current	0, 4, or 10 mA \pm 5%, each channel independently software selectable
Compliance	24 V min
Channel input impedance with IEPE enabled.....	1 M Ω 240 pF typical, pseudodifferential
Current noise	<300 pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ typical

Analog Output (NI PXI-4461 Only)

This section lists the NI PXI-4461 analog output specifications.

Output Characteristics

Number of output channels	2, simultaneously sampled
Output configuration	Differential or pseudodifferential (50 Ω to chassis ground on shield), each channel independently software selectable
DAC resolution	24 bits
DAC type	Delta-sigma
Update rates (f_s).....	1 kS/s to 204.8 kS/s in 181.9 μ S/s increments
Oversampling, for update rate	
1.0 kS/s $\leq f_s < 1.6$ kS/s	8,192 f_s
1.6 kS/s $\leq f_s < 3.2$ kS/s	4,096 f_s
3.2 kS/s $\leq f_s < 6.4$ kS/s	2,048 f_s
6.4 kS/s $\leq f_s < 12.8$ kS/s	1,024 f_s
12.8 kS/s $\leq f_s < 25.6$ kS/s	512 f_s
25.6 kS/s $\leq f_s < 51.2$ kS/s	256 f_s
51.2 kS/s $\leq f_s < 102.4$ kS/s	128 f_s
102.4 kS/s $\leq f_s \leq 204.8$ kS/s	64 f_s
FIFO buffer size	1,023 samples
Data transfers	DMA

Output Signal Range

Attenuation (dB)	Full Scale Range (V_{pk}) ¹
40	±0.1
20	±1.0
0	±10.0

¹ Each output channel range is independently software selectable.

Transfer Characteristics

AO Offset (Residual DC)

Attenuation (dB)	Maximum Offset, 24 Hr, $T_{cal} \pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (±mV)	Maximum Offset, 0 °C to 55 °C (±mV)
20, 40	1	2
0	1	10

Gain (Amplitude Accuracy)

Specifications valid at any attenuation setting with a 1 kHz output signal.

$T_{cal} \pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	±0.04 dB max
0 °C to 55 °C	±0.1 dB max

Voltage Output

Output couplingDC

Short circuit protectionIndefinite protection
between positive and negative

Minimum working load600 Ω

Output Impedance

Output Impedance, Typical	Differential Configuration	Pseudodifferential Configuration
Between positive output and chassis ground	2.4 k Ω	70 Ω
Between negative output and chassis ground	2.4 k Ω	50 Ω
Between positive and negative outputs	22 Ω	22 Ω

Dynamic Characteristics¹

Image rejection..... 75 dB min < 768 kHz
66 dB min > 768 kHz

-3 dB BW..... 0.487 f_s

DAC filter delay (samples), for update rate

1.0 kS/s $\leq f_s < 1.6$ kS/s 36.6

1.6 kS/s $\leq f_s < 3.2$ kS/s 36.8

3.2 kS/s $\leq f_s < 6.4$ kS/s 37.4

6.4 kS/s $\leq f_s < 12.8$ kS/s 38.5

12.8 kS/s $\leq f_s < 25.6$ kS/s 40.8

25.6 kS/s $\leq f_s < 51.2$ kS/s 43.2

51.2 kS/s $\leq f_s < 102.4$ kS/s 48.0

102.4 kS/s $\leq f_s \leq 204.8$ kS/s 32.0

AO Flatness

All attenuation settings relative to 1 kHz

20 Hz to 20 kHz ± 0.008 dB max

20 Hz to 92.1 kHz ± 0.1 dB max

¹ Test system equipped with an LCD monitor for AO noise and distortion measurements to avoid possible magnetic interference caused by CRT-based monitors.

AO Idle Channel Noise

Attenuation (dB)	Maximum Idle Channel Noise					
	102.5 kS/s (30 kHz BW)		204.8 kS/s (80 kHz BW)		204.8 kS/s (500 kHz BW)	
	dBV _{rms}	μV _{rms}	dBV _{rms}	μV _{rms}	dBV _{rms}	μV _{rms}
40	-106	5	-101	9	-87	45
20	-106	5	-101	9	-86	50
0	-96	16	-93	22	-73	224

AO Spurious Free Dynamic Range (SFDR)

Attenuation (dB)	SFDR (dBc), Typical ^{1, 2, 3}
40	87
20	94
0	98

¹ $f_s = 204.8$ kS/s
² 1 kHz output frequency, -1 dBFS output amplitude
³ Measurement includes all harmonics.

AO Dynamic Range

Attenuation (dB)	Minimum Dynamic Range (dBFS) ¹		
	102.5 kS/s (30 kHz BW)	204.8 kS/s (80 kHz BW)	204.8 kS/s (500 kHz BW)
40	84	79	65
20	103	97	83
0	114	110	91

¹ 1 kHz output frequency

AO THD

Attenuation (dB)	THD (dBc), Typical ¹		
	102.5 kS/s 20 Hz to 20 kHz ²	204.8 kS/s 20 Hz to 20 kHz ³	204.8 kS/s 20 Hz to 92.1 kHz ³
40	-99	-92	-92
20	-98	-95	-93
0	-97	-94	-86

¹ -1 dBFS output amplitude
² 30 kHz measurement BW
³ 92.8 kHz measurement BW

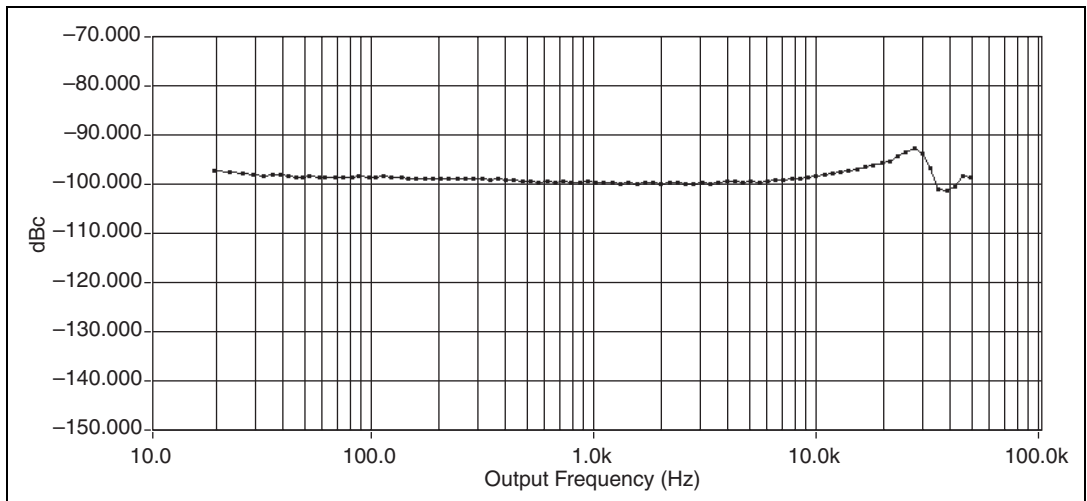


Figure 8. AO THD (204.8 kS/s, 0 dB Gain, 65,536 Samples)

AO THD+N

Attenuation (dB)	THD + N (dBc), Typical ¹		
	102.5 kS/s 20 Hz to 20 kHz ²	204.8 kS/s 20 Hz to 80 kHz ³	204.8 kS/s 20 Hz to 92.1 kHz ⁴
40	-83	-77	-63
20	-98	-92	-79
0	-99	-89	-68

¹ -1 dBFS output amplitude
² 30 kHz measurement BW
³ 80 kHz measurement BW
⁴ 500 kHz measurement BW

AO Intermodulation Distortion (IMD)

Attenuation (dB)	IMD (dBc), Typical ¹
40	-99
20	-104
0	-104

¹ CCIF 14 kHz + 15 kHz, each tone amplitude is -6 dBFS.

Crosstalk, Output to Input Channel Separation

Gain (dB)	Crosstalk (dBc), Typical ^{1, 2}	
	1 kHz Signal	92.2 kHz
30	-151	-118
20	-150	-118
10	-144	-115
0	-137	-111
-20, -10	-87	-51

¹ Source impedance $\leq 50 \Omega$
² Output amplitude is the lesser of -1 dBFS or $8.91 V_{pk}$.

Crosstalk, Output Channel Separation

No measurable crosstalk

AO Interchannel Gain Mismatch

All attenuation settings

20 Hz to 92.1 kHz ± 0.01 dB

AO Interchannel Phase Mismatch

All attenuation settings

20 Hz to 20 kHz $\pm 0.1^\circ$ typical

20 Hz to 92.1 kHz $\pm 0.2^\circ$ typical

AO Phase Linearity

Attenuation (dB)	Linearity (deg), Typical	
	20 Hz to 20 kHz	20 Hz to 92.1 kHz
0	± 0.1	± 1.7
20	± 0.1	± 1.6
40	± 0.1	± 1.8

Internal Frequency Timebase Characteristics

Accuracy ± 20 ppm, 0 °C to 55 °C

Aging 8 ppm in first year;
18 ppm after 10 years

Triggers

Analog Trigger

Purpose Start trigger

Source

NI PXI-4461 AI0 or AI1

NI PXI-4462 AI0, AI1, AI2, or AI3

Level Full scale, programmable

Slope Positive (rising) or negative
(falling), software selectable

Resolution 24 bits

Hysteresis Programmable

Digital Trigger

PurposeStart or reference trigger
SourcePFI0, PXI_Trig<0..6>
CompatibilityTransistor-transistor logic (TTL)
PolarityRising or falling edge
Minimum pulse width.....10 ns

General Specifications

This section lists general specification information for the NI PXI-446X.

Bus Interface

TypePXI master/slave

Power Requirements

Voltage	NI PXI-4461, Typical	NI PXI-4462, Typical
+5 V	990 mA	990 mA
+3.3 V	1,430 mA	1,750 mA
+12 V	170 mA	130 mA
-12 V	110 mA	70 mA

Physical

Dimensions
(not including connectors)16 cm × 10 cm (6.3 in. × 3.9 in.)
3U CompactPCI slot

Analog I/O connectorsBNC female

Digital trigger connectorSMB male

Weight241 g (8.5 oz)

Installation CategoryI

Environmental

Operating Environment

Ambient temperature range.....	0 °C to 55 °C (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-1 and IEC-60068-2-2.)
Relative humidity range	10% to 90%, noncondensing (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-56.)
Altitude.....	2,000 m (at 25 °C ambient temperature)
Pollution Degree (indoor use only)	2

Storage Environment

Ambient temperature range.....	-20 °C to 70 °C (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-1 and IEC-60068-2-2.)
Relative humidity range	5% to 95%, noncondensing (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-56.)

Shock and Vibration

Operational shock	30 g peak, half-sine, 11 ms pulse (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-27. Test profile developed in accordance with MIL-PRF-28800F.)
Random vibration	
Operating	5 Hz to 500 Hz, 0.3 g _{rms}
Nonoperating	5 Hz to 500 Hz, 2.4 g _{rms} (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-64. Nonoperating test profile exceeds the requirements of MIL-PRF-28800F, Class 3.)

Calibration

Self-calibration	On software command, the device computes gain and offset corrections relative to high-precision internal reference.
Interval.....	Recommended whenever ambient temperature differs from T_{cal} by more than ± 5 °C
External calibration interval	1 year
Warm-up time	15 minutes

Safety

The NI PXI-446X is designed to meet the requirements of the following standards of safety for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1
- UL 61010-1
- CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1



Note For UL and other safety certifications, refer to the product label, or visit ni.com/certification, search by model number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.

Electromagnetic Compatibility

Emissions.....	EN 55011 Class A at 10 m FCC Part 15A above 1 GHz
Immunity	EN 61326:1997 + A2:2001, Table 1
CE, C-Tick, and FCC Part 15 (Class A) Compliant	



Note For EMC compliance, operate this device with shielded cabling.

CE Compliance

The NI PXI-446X meets the essential requirements of applicable European Directives, as amended for CE marking, as follows:

Low-Voltage Directive (safety).....73/23/EEC

Electromagnetic Compatibility
Directive (EMC)89/336/EEC



Note Refer to the Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for this product for any additional regulatory compliance information. To obtain the DoC for this product, visit ni.com/certification, search by model number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.